#### **ATTACHMENT CB 3**

This is the attachment marked "CB 3" referred to in the witness statement of Christine Bond dated 4 August 2015.



### Alternatives to Prison:

Exploring non-custodial sentencing of domestic violence offenders in NSW's lower courts

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February 2015



### Background

- Shifts in criminal justice responses to domestic violence
- Scarcity of research on sentencing domestically violent offenders

# SENTENCING DV OFFENDERS TO NONCUSTODIAL ORDERS



## Key research question

Are domestic violence offences sentenced differently from other violent offences?

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## Unique opportunity

- NSW provides a unique opportunity in Australia
- Domestic violence "flag"



#### Prior research

- Limited comparative studies of sentencing domestic vs other violence
  - » Absence of multivariate studies (in/out)
  - » Restrictive samples (length of term)
- Limited studies of non-custodial sentencing more generally

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#### Current data

- 64,201 convictions
- 17.6% Indigenous18.7% female27.1% domestic violent-related

New South Wales adult lower court administrative data
January 2009 – June 2012

Most serious charged personal offence



## Measuring sentencing outcomes

	Domestic violence cases (%)	Non-domestic violence cases (%)	Total Cases (%)
Imprisonment	9.7	10.5	10.3
Intensive/other detention	0.6	1.0	8.0
Supervised community-based	20.7	16.9	18.0
Unsupervised community-based	31.6	25.5	27.1
Community service	3.5	4.9	4.6
Monetary	11.1	26.1	22:0
Minor/nominal	22.8	15.1	17.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

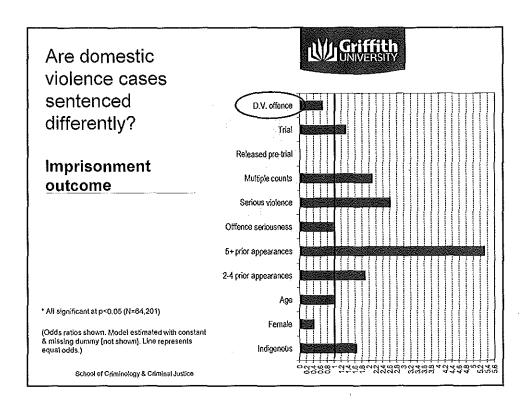
All between-group differences significant at p < 0.05 (N=64, 201)

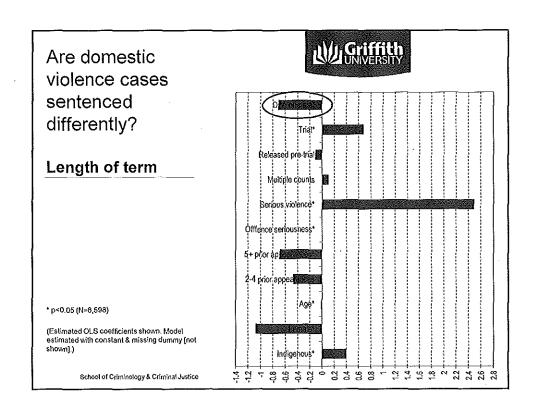
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# WHAT DO WE KNOW ABOUT SENTENCING TO PRISON?

# SENTENCING DV OFFENDERS TO NONCUSTODIAL ORDERS







# WHAT DO WE KNOW ABOUT SENTENCING TO NONCUSTODIAL ORDERS?

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Are domestic violence cases sentenced differently?

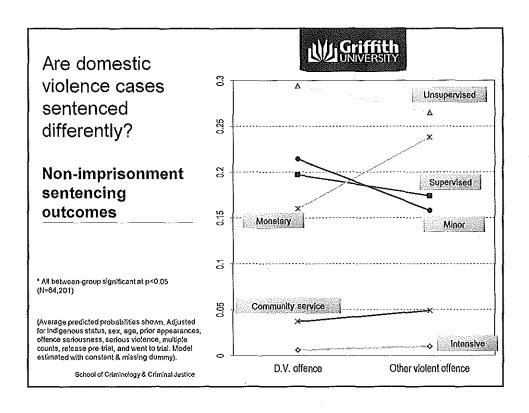


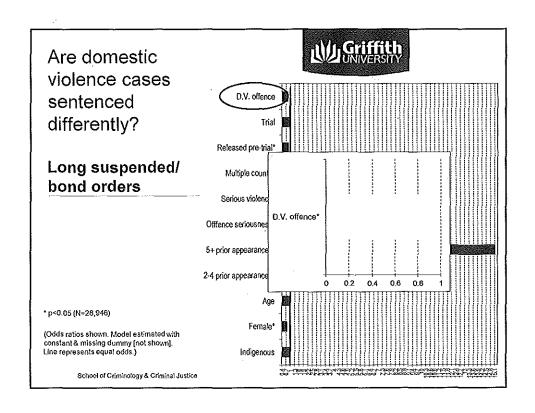
#### Compared to Imprisonment

	Domestic violence vs other violence	
Intensive/other detention (vs imprisonment)	0.746*	
Supervised community-based (vs imprisonment)	1.455*	
Unsupervised community-based (vs imprisonment)	1.446*	
Community Service (vs imprisonment)	0.952	
Monetary (vs imprisonment)	0.839*	
Minor/nominal (vs imprisonment)	1.810*	

\* p<0.05 (N=64,201)

(Relative risk ratio shown. Adjusted for Indigenous status, sex, age, prior appearances, offence seriousness, serious violence, multiple counts, release pre-tiral, and went to trial. Model estimated with constant).





# SENTENCING DV OFFENDERS TO NONCUSTODIAL ORDERS



Summary

(compared to similarly-situated other violent offences)

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On average, less likely to be sentenced to prison

On average, shorter prison terms

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On average, more likely to receive suspended/bond (vs imprisonment) sentences On average, less likely to receive "long" suspended/bond terms

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#### So what?

- Does this mean can conclude leniency?
  - » Complex process → social/contextual factors?
  - » Expectations around rehabilitation?
  - » Misunderstandings of the nature of domestic violence offending?
- Adequacy of explanations of sentencing patterns?